## Kansas City Area Teachers of Mathematics 2011 KCATM Math Competition

## GEOMETRY AND MEASUREMENT TEST

 GRADE 5
## INSTRUCTIONS

- Do not open this booklet until instructed to do so.
- Time limit: 15 minutes
- You may use calculators on this test.
- Use the $\boldsymbol{\pi}$ key on your calculator or $\mathbf{3 . 1 4 1 5 9}$ as the approximation for pi.
- Mark your answer on the Scantron sheet by FILLING in the oval.
- You may not use rulers, protractors, or other measurement devices on this test.

1. If all sides are congruent in Figure 1, what is the best description of the 4-sided figure?
a) rhombus
c) parallelogram
b) quadrilateral
d) square
e) not given


Figure 1
2. Which choice best describes Figure 2?
a) pentagon
c) hexagon
b) octagon
d) heptagon
e) not given


Figure 2
Figure 2
3. What is the measure of each angle of an equilateral triangle?
a) $45^{\circ}$
c) $60^{\circ}$
b) $30^{\circ}$
d) $90^{\circ}$
e) not given
4. The net in Figure $\mathbf{3}$ shows would form which shape?
a) pentagonal prism
c) triangular pyramid
b) cube
d) sphere
e) not given


For questions \#5-7, refer to the coordinate plane shown in Figure 4.
5. Which point has the coordinates of $(-3,-3)$ ?
a) A
c) C
b) $B$
d) $D$
e) not given
6. Joint $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D . What type of triangle is formed?
a) acute
c) obtuse
b) right
d) isosceles
e) not given
7. The point $(0,5)$ is best described as follows?


Figure 4
a) Lies on the $x$ - axis
c) Lies on the y-axis
b) Lies in Quadrant 1
d) Lies in Quadrant 3
e) not given

For questions \#8-9, refer to the Figure 5. $A B=6 \mathrm{~cm}$. Point $B$ is the center of the circle. Formulas: $C=\pi d$ and $A=\pi r^{2}$
8. To the nearest centimeter, what is the length of the circumference of the circle?
a) 25 cm
c) 38 cm
b) 19 cm
d) 113 cm
e) not given


Figure 5
9. To the nearest tenth of a centimeter, what is the area of one sector (section) of the circle formed by the perpendicular lines $\overline{D B}$ and $\overline{A B}$ ?
a) $28.3 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
c) $9.4 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
b) $4.7 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
d) $12.6 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
e) not given
10. In Figure 6, how much larger is the perimeter of triangle 2 than triangle 1 ?
a) 12 units
c) 8 units
b) 4 units
d) 16 units
e) not given

(1)

(2)
11. What statement is ALWAYS true?
a) A rectangle is always a square.
b) A rhombus is always a square.
c) A rectangle is always a parallelogram.
d) A quadrilateral is always a parallelogram.
e) All statements are always true.
12. How many edges does the 3-dimensional solid in Figure $\mathbf{7}$ have?
a) 6
c) 13
b) 12
d) 18
e) not given


Figure 7
13. Find the volume of a cube with side length 5 ".
a) 15 cubic inches
c) 25 cubic inches
b) 150 cubic inches
d) 125 cubic inches
e) not given
14. What time will a truck arrive in Lincoln, NE if it leaves Kansas City at 10:48am and it takes $31 / 2$ hours to drive there?
a) $1: 16 \mathrm{pm}$
c) $2: 03 \mathrm{pm}$
b) $3: 28 \mathrm{pm}$
d) $2: 18 \mathrm{pm}$
e) not given

Use the geoboards in Figure 8 to answer questions \#15-19. The vertical and horizontal distance between each dot on the geoboard is $1 \mathbf{c m}$.


Figure 8

15. How many lines of symmetry does shape $F$ have?
a) 1
c) 3
b) 2
d) 4
e) not given
16. What is the perimeter of shape A?
a) 7 cm
c) 16 cm
b) 14 cm
d) 18 cm
e) not given
17. What is the area of shape $C$ ?
a) 4 sq . cm
c) $6 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
b) $5 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
d) $7 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
e) not given
18. How much larger in area is shape $B$ than shape $E$ ?
a) 4 sq . cm
c) $8 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
b) $6 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
d) $10 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
e) not given
19. What is the ratio of the area of shape $C$ to the area of shape $D$ ?
a) $5 / 2$
c) $2 / 5$
b) $2 / 1$
d) $1 / 2$
e) not given
20. In the tessellation in Figure 9, what is the best description of transformation used to tessellate the image?
a) reflection
c) rotation
b) translation
d) dilation
e) not given


Figure 9
21. Figure 10 shows a parallelogram. Complete the sentence: "The opposite angles of a parallelogram are always $\qquad$
a) congruent
c) obtuse
b) $90^{\circ}$
d) acute
e) not given
."


Figure 10
22. Find the area of the composite shape in Figure 11.
a) 48 cm
c) $124 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
b) $69120 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
d) $100 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
e) not given


Figure 11
23. What is a reasonable temperature for a hot summer day in Celsius?
a) $35^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
c) $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
b) $78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
d) $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
e) not given
24. Which measurement is NOT reasonable?
a) a 5 K race is about a marathon race of 26 miles
b) a guitar is about 1 meter in length
c) a small paper clip is about an inch in length
d) a small car weighs about one ton
e) all measures are reasonable
25. In a circle, the length from the center to the circle is called what?
a) chord
c) radius
b) diameter
d) secant
e) not given
26. An angle supplementary to a $62^{\circ}$ angle is $\qquad$ .
a) $62^{\circ}$
c) $38^{\circ}$
b) $118^{\circ}$
d) $180^{\circ}$
e) not given
27. Find the area of the triangle in Figure 12?
a) 44 m
c) $44 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
b) $90 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
d) $180 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$
e) not given

28. Find EC in Figure 13.
a) 7.5 cm
b) 2 cm
c) 2.5 cm
d) 3 cm

e) not given
29. The distance on a map is given by the scale: $1 / 2$ inch $=30$ miles. How far is it if the map measures $73 / 4$ inches?
a) 220.2 miles
c) 440.4 miles
b) 465 miles
d) 232.5 miles
e) not given
30. How many pints are there in $41 / 2$ gallons?
a) 12 pints
c) 18 pints
b) 24 pints
d) 34 pints
e) not given
31. 2,340 grams are how many kilograms?
a) 2.340 kg
c) 23.40 kg
b) 234.0 kg
d) 0.2340 kg
e) not given
32. How many centimeters are there in 3.7 m ?
a) 0.37 cm
c) 37 cm
b) 370 cm
d) 3700 cm
e) not given

Use Figure 14 for problems \# 33-35.

Figure 14

33. Name the acute isosceles triangles.
a) A and C
b) B and E
c) E and F
d) B, D, and E
e) not given
34. Find the area of triangle D.
a) $6 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
c) $4 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
b) $8 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
d) $3 \mathrm{sq} . \mathrm{cm}$
e) not given
35. Find the measure of the third angle in triangle C .
a) $40^{\circ}$
c) $50^{\circ}$
b) $60^{\circ}$
d) $65^{\circ}$
e) not given
36. How many cement blocks that are 8 " by 8 " by 16 " would it take to make one wall of a foundation of a new home if the wall is 20 yards long and 10 feet high? The blocks will be stacked as in Figure 15.

Figure 15
a) 1224 cement blocks
b) 1220 cement blocks
c) 300 cement blocks
d) 675 cement blocks
e) not given

37. What is the area of the picture frame to the nearest tenth of a square inch if the picture frame is round as in Figure 16. The inside diameter is 8 " and the outside diameter is 10 ". The area formula is $A=\pi r^{2}$
a) 2.0 sq . in.
c) 50.3 sq . in.
b) 28.3 sq. in.
d) 10.9 sq . in.
e) not given


Figure 16
38. In the 1870's the high wheel bicycle (Figure 17) was popular. The front wheel was 53 -inch in diameter and the back wheel was an 18-inch diameter. To the nearest inch, what is the difference in circumference between the front wheel and the back wheel? The formula is $C=\pi d$.
a) 110 inches
c) 167 inches
b) 57 inches
d) 55 inches
e) not given

39. Possible nets for cubes are given in Figure 18. Which one(s) will NOT fold up to make a cube?
a) A, B, and D
b) G, I, and K
c) $\mathrm{J}, \mathrm{H}$, and G
d) C, D, and F
e) all create a cube


Figure 18
40. Figure 19 shows the 7 tangram shapes. What is the probability of landing on any of the figures 4,5 or 6 ?
a) $1 / 4$
c) $1 / 6$
b) $1 / 8$
d) $1 / 2$
e) not given

Figure 19


